HEROES Act vs. HEALS Act

	• \$875 Billion • \$500B State, \$375B Local • Can be used for gov. lost revenue	 No Funding Expands use of CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund
		 • 25% of CRF for government lost revenue • If 25% of CRF allocated to smaller government
Protection Program	 Not included Not priority when bill passed in May Bipartisan support in late July 	 \$190 Billion Must show a 50% loss for a Quarter: 2019 vs. 2020 Must have less than 300 employees Loan equal to 2.5 months of payroll Forgivable expenses incurred over period of the 8 weeks that borrower prefers Up to 40% of forgivable expenses can be non-paroll costs (rent, utilities, etc.)
	Extends FPUC (\$600) thru Jan. 31, 2021 \$600 + State \$350 = \$950 in NC (if made \$700, you get \$950)	Cuts FPUC to \$200 until October 5th when States calculate a benefit of 70% of avg. wages and FPUC adds up to \$500 to State benefit. • Pre-Oct. 5th: State \$350 + \$200 =up to \$550 in NC • Post-Oct 5th: State \$350 + Up to \$500 =up to \$850 in NC • (If you made \$700, you get \$550 then \$490 in Oct.) • (If you made \$1215+ you get \$550 then \$850 in Oct.) • FPUC would expire December 31st • States can get waiver if their system can't calculate 70% by Oct., and instead just provide \$200 FPUC through Dec. 31st
	50% of self-insured nonprofit costs covered (not reimbursed)	75% of self-insured nonprofit costs covered
	NEA: \$10 Million, NEH: \$10 Million, IMLS: \$5 Million	CPB: \$175 Million
Liability Protection	None- Dems want OSHA to regulate	 Protects businesses, nonprofits, schools, etc. if guidelines reasonably followed Protects health care and manufacturing Protects employers from worker claims
	\$1,200 individual, \$2,400 file jointly, \$1,200 per dependent, up to \$6,000 per household 'These Acts are in the process of ne	\$1,200 individual, \$2,400 file jointly, \$500 per dependent